



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

CHS Inc.	Transportation Emergency (CHEMTREC)	:	1-800-424-9300
P.O. Box 64089	Technical Information	:	1-651-355-8443
Mail station 525	SDS Information	:	1-651-355-8445
St. Paul, MN 55164-0089			

Product name	: No. 1 DIESEL FUEL	SDS no.	: 0143-M2A0
Common name	: No. 1 Distillate Fuel, No. 1 High Sulfur Diesel (Dyed), No. 1 Low Sulfur Diesel (Dyed), No. 1 Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (Dyed/Undyed)	Revision date	: 11/15/2013
Chemical name	: Petroleum Distillate	Chemical formula	: Mixture
Chemical family	: A mixture of Paraffinic, Olefinic, Naphthenic, and Aromatic Hydrocarbon.		

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not available.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture :

- FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
- CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
- ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
- AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
- AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements :

- Flammable liquid and vapor.
- Suspected of causing cancer.
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) Health : 2 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) Health : 2 Flammability : 2 Instability : 0

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Chemical name : Petroleum Distillate

Other means of identification : No. 1 Distillate Fuel, No. 1 High Sulfur Diesel (Dyed), No. 1 Low Sulfur Diesel (Dyed), No. 1 Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (Dyed/Undyed)

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	60 - 100	64742-47-8
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	60 - 100	64742-81-0
Kerosine (petroleum)	60 - 100	8008-20-6
Naphthalene	1 - 5	91-20-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : If material comes in contact with the eyes, immediately wash the eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : If person breathes in large amounts of material, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Keep the person warm and at rest. Get medical attention as soon as possible.
- Skin contact** : If the material comes in contact with the skin, wash the contaminated skin with soap and water promptly. If the material penetrates through clothing, remove the clothing and wash the skin with soap and water promptly. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : If material has been swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a source of ignition (pilot light, heater, electric motor) some distance away. Containers, drums (even empty) can explode when heat (welding, cutting, etc.) is applied.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Water may be ineffective on flames, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water or foam sprayed into container of hot burning product could cause frothing and endanger fire fighters. Large fires, such as tank fires, should be fought with caution. If possible, pump the contents from the tank and keep adjoining structures cool with water. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes. Do not flush down public sewers. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Spill** : Contain with dikes or absorbent to prevent migration to sewers/streams. Take up small spill with dry chemical absorbent; large spills may require pump or vacuum prior to absorbent. May require excavation of severely contaminated soil.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Do not store above the following temperature: 113°C (235.4°F). Odorous and toxic fumes may form from the decomposition of this product if stored at excessive temperatures for extended periods of time. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 213 ppm TWA: 1200 mg/m ³ ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2011). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Kerosine (petroleum)	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
Naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 79 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 52 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). STEL: 75 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Recommended: Splash goggles and a face shield, where splash hazard exists.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves.
- Body protection** : Recommended: Long sleeved coveralls.
- Other skin protection** : Recommended: Impervious boots.
- Respiratory protection** : If ventilation is inadequate, use a NIOSH-certified respirator with an organic vapor cartridge and P95 particulate filter.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		Relative density	: 0.82
Physical state	: Liquid. [May contain red dye.]	Evaporation rate	: >1 (Butyl acetate = 1)
Color	: Clear to light yellow.	Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Odor	: Hydrocarbon.	Solubility in water	: Insoluble
Odor threshold	: Not available.	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
pH	: Not available.	Auto-ignition temperature	: 210°C (410°F)
Melting point	: Not available.	Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 171.11 to 298.88°C (340 to 570°F)	SADT	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38 to 66°C (100.4 to 150.8°F) [Pensky-Martens.]	Viscosity	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.	Vapor pressure	: <6.7 kPa (<50 mm Hg) (68°F)
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 5%	Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Kerosine (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	15 g/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Kerosine (petroleum)	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100%	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 mL	-
Naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05 mL	-

Sensitization

- Skin** : There is no data available.
- Respiratory** : There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Kerosine (petroleum) Naphthalene	- -	3 2B	- Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Kerosine (petroleum)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Naphthalene	3.4	36.5 to 168	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : There is no data available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER UN1268	DOT proper shipping name	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized, Naphthalene). Marine pollutant (Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized) RQ (Naphthalene)
DOT Hazard Class(es) 3	PG III	DOT EMER. RESPONSE GUIDE NO. 128

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Naphthalene
 TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
 United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
 Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthalene
 Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Naphthalene

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed **DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed **DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard
 Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	60 - 100	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	60 - 100	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Kerosine (petroleum)	60 - 100	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Naphthalene	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313 : This product (does/not) contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

Product name	CAS number	%
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0 - 3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Kerosine (petroleum); Naphthalene
New York : The following components are listed: Naphthalene
New Jersey : The following components are listed: Kerosine (petroleum); Naphthalene
Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: Kerosine (petroleum); Naphthalene
California Prop. 65 : **WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Naphthalene	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

Section 16. Other information

Revision date : 11/15/2013 **Supersedes** : 03/12/2012
Revised Section(s) : 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16. **Prepared by** : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Notice to reader

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